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UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION **TRANSMITTAL**

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

960296.95386

First Inventor or Application Identifier Judith E. Kımble

Title Agent and Method for Modulation of Cell Migration

Express Mail Label No.

Attorney Docket No,

EJ311815676US

APPLICATION ELEMENTS See MPEP Chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.		ADDRESS TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents Box Patent Application Washington, D.C. 20231	
2 X Sp - C - C - S - F - E	e transmittal Form bornit an original and a duplicate for fee processing) eccification [Total 57] Descriptive title of the invention Cross References to Related Applications Statement Regarding Fed Sponsored R&D Reference to Microfiche Appendix Background of the Invention	 Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix) Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission (if applicable, all necessary) Computer readable Copy Paper Copy (identical to computer copy) Statement Verifying identity of above 	
- E	Brief Summary of the Invention Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed) Detailed Description	ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS	
3 X Dr	Claim(s) Abstract of the Disclosure rawing(s) (35 USC 113) [Total Sheets 2] Declaration [Total Pages 3	8 Assignment Papers (cover sheet & documents) 9 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement Power of Attorney (where there is an assignee) 10 English Translation Document (if applicable) 11 Information Disclosure Copies of IDS Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449	
a. X	Newly unexecuted (original or copy)	12 Preliminary Amendment	
b. Copy from prior Application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) b. (for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed) [Note Box 5 below] [Note Box 5 below] Copy from prior Application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) 13 X (Should be specifically itemized)			
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Incorporation By Reference (useable if Box 4b is checked) The entire disclosure of the prior application from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference herein.		I as Sur and S	
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May 28, 1999

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AGENT AND METHOD FOR MODULATION OF CELL MIGRATION

by Judith E. Kimble Robert H. Blelloch

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AGENT AND METHOD FOR MODULATION OF CELL MIGRATION

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims the benefit of provisional patent applications 60/087,170, filed May 29, 1998, and 60/129,023, filed April 13, 1999, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT

To be determined.

10 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Cell migration, particularly migration of cancerous cells and nerve cells, is not well understood, nor are the factors that affect cell migration and tissue shaping in vivo. There is a need in the art to identify and exploit such factors, including but not limited to those involved in normal or abnormal organogenesis. The art also lacks efficient systems for evaluating therapeutic modulators of such functions in vivo and lacks diagnostic methods for assessing the ability of a cell or cell mass to migrate in vivo.

Organogenesis processes in vertebrates proceed in a manner similar to those observed in the common laboratory nematode *C. elegans*. As such, the generation of *C. elegans* gonadal structures can serve as a simple system for investigating developmental morphogenetic processes shared

25 investigating developmental morphogenetic processes shared by higher and lower organisms.

In one common morphogenetic process, a tissue bud extends to form an elongate tube with a proximal to distal axis. An emerging theme in bud extension is the presence of specialized regulatory cells at the bud tip that govern elongation. In vertebrate development, this process is

seen in extension of the limb (Johnson and Tabin, 1997;
Martin, 1998), ureter (Vainio and Muller, 1997), and lung
branches (Hogan, 1998). In the *C. elegans* gonad, long
"arms" develop by elongation of buds originating from a
5 gonadal primordium. Each gonadal arm possesses a single
"leader cell" that serves this regulatory role (Kimble and
White, 1981). The biology of distal tip cell migration
during gonadogenesis is known to one skilled in the art of *C. elegans* developmental biology. Indeed, the *C. elegans*10 gonadal leader cells are among the best defined cells that
regulate bud elongation, and therefore serve as a paradigm
for investigating this common morphogenetic process.

A second common morphogenetic process of organogenesis is the formation of a complex, differentiated epithelial tube. Formation of a complex epithelial tube can involve an initial condensation of mesenchymal cells, followed by epithelialization, lumen formation, and differentiation into modular units. Vertebrate examples include the kidney tubules (Vainio and Muller, 1997) and heart tube (Fishman and Olson, 1997). Similarly, during C. elegans gonadogenesis, cells coalesce to form a compact larval structure called the somatic gonadal primordium (SGP). Following formation of this primordium, cell division and differentiation are accompanied by epithelialization and lumen formation to form a complex tube composed of distinct modular units: the uterus, spermathecae and sheaths in hermaphrodites, and the seminal vesicle and vas deferens in

Previous studies have identified several genes in C.

30 elegans that influence gonadal morphogenesis. One group of such genes includes unc-5, unc-6, and unc-40, which control the direction of leader cell migration (Hedgecock et al, 1990). Normally, leader cells migrate in one direction, then move dorsally, and finally move in the

35 opposite direction to generate a reflexed gonadal arm. In the absence of unc-5, unc-6, or unc-40, the leader cells fail to turn dorsally. Another gene, ced-5, causes the

males (Kimble and Hirsh, 1979).

leader cell to makes extra turns or stop prematurely (Wu
and Horvitz, 1998). Therefore, in these mutants, the
leader cells migrate, but do not navigate correctly, which
results in a failure of the gonadal arms to acquire their
5 normal U-shape. In addition to these genes, others are
required for specification of cell fates and also influence
morphogenesis (lin-12: Greenwald et al., 1983, Newman et
al., 1995; lin-17: Sternberg and Horvitz, 1988; lag-2:
Lambie and Kimble, 1991; ceh-18: Greenstein et al., 1994,
10 Rose et al., 1997; lin-26: den Boer et al., 1998).

A known *C. elegans* genetic locus, *gon-1*, defined by one or more mutants, is essential for extension of gonadal germline arms, but is not responsible for signaling the germline to proliferate. In *C. elegans* hermaphrodites,

15 GON-1 is required for migration of two distal tip cells to produce two elongated tubes, whereas in males, *gon-1* activity is required for migration of a single linker cell to produce a single elongated tube. In *gon-1* mutant hermaphrodites, the leader cells are born normally in the

20 somatic gonadal cell lineage and function normally to promote germline proliferation, but they fail to migrate and do not support arm extension. Similarly in males, the leader cell does not move and no arm extension occurs. The

25 particularity to a nucleic acid coding sequence.

gon-1 locus has not heretofore been mapped with

Clarification of the genetic basis for *C. elegans gon-1* activity would permit one to apply molecular tools to the study of cell migration in a convenient system. It would be particularly advantageous to find that the *gon-1* locus encodes a protein having structural relationship to proteins of species that are not readily studied in the laboratory, since one would be able to evaluate those proteins in the convenient *C. elegans* system. Such a system would also provide a means for evaluating agents that can modulate the activity of such genes and proteins and would both facilitate understanding the factors involved in cell migration.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In one aspect, the invention can be an isolated polynucleotide coding sequence that encodes a protein the includes both a metalloprotease domain and at least one 5 thrombospodin type 1 domain, where the protein can direct either cell migration or tissue shaping in an analytical system in a target organism as disclosed herein. In another aspect, the invention can also be a variant of the isolated polynucleotide coding sequence that encodes a protein that 10 shares at least 20%, more preferably 50%, still more preferably 70% and most preferably 80% amino acid sequence identity (using GCG Pileup program) with any of the foregoing in the metalloprotease and thrombospondin type 1 domains while also comprising the amino acids of those 15 domains known to those skilled in the art to be required for protein activity. A suitable variant polynucleotide can hybridize under stringent hybridization conditions known to those skilled in the art to a polynucleotide sequence that encodes a protein that can direct cell 20 migration or tissue shaping in the target organism. In one embodiment, a variant polynucleotide can hybridize under stringent hybridization conditions to a C. elegans gon-1 coding sequence. The variant polynucleotide sequence can be a polynucleotide obtained from an organism or can be a 25 mutated version of any polynucleotide sequence noted above. The variant polynucleotide can encode a protein that is identical or altered relative to the wild-type C. elegans GON-1 protein. The encoded protein can have enhanced or

In a related aspect, a polynucleotide coding sequence that encodes a protein having structural and functional similarity with a wild-type or altered migration or shaping protein can also be substituted, in whole or in part, with structurally related or unrelated sequences to encode a heterologous protein or a chimeric protein in the disclosed system, as detailed below.

reduced activity in vivo relative to GON-1.

Applicants herein disclose that the Caenorhabditis elegans gon-1 activity is encoded by a polynucleotide coding sequence (gon-1; SEQ ID NO:1) that encodes an essential protein (GON-1; SEQ ID NO:2) that directs migration of a growing gonadal tube through surrounding basement membranes during gonadogenesis in the nematode and also controls gonadal shape and organ localization.

The migration directing ability and tissue shaping ability are separable and depend upon whether the gon-1 coding sequence is expressed in distal tip cells or in muscle cells, respectively. In wild-type C. elegans, a gonad of normal shape is produced when gon-1 is expressed in both cell types. Accordingly, one aspect of the invention can also a method for shaping a tissue by selectively expressing a protein associated with both tissue elongation and tissue expansion. GON-1 shares significant amino acid identity with proteins that have been noted in other species.

In a related aspect, the invention can be an isolated and substantially purified preparation of a GON-1 protein, an altered GON-1 protein, a heterologous protein, a chimeric protein, or a variant thereof (referred to herein as "an MPT protein", for reasons discussed below), which can be a target for in vivo screening of putative therapeutic modulators, or can be assayed in a diagnostic method for assessing the ability of a cell or cell mass to migrate in vivo, or can be exploited as a therapeutic agent to modulate (increase or decrease) in vivo cell migration.

One skilled in the art will appreciate that the

nucleotide coding sequences and encoded amino acid
sequences that fall within the scope of the invention are
also subject to natural variation or intentional
manipulation (e.g., changes in the nucleotide or amino acid
sequence) in ways that do not affect the ability to

function as described herein. One skilled in that art also
understands that the applicants cannot provide a complete
list of nucleotide coding sequences and amino acid

sequences that can function in the methods of the invention. However, in view of the high level of understanding in the art about the amino acids required for activity of proteins that comprise a metalloprotease domain and proteins that comprise a thrombospondin domain, applicants maintain that a skilled artisan can readily determine whether a protein contains both domains.

Stöcker, W. et al., "The metzincins - Topological and sequential relations between the atacins, adamalysins,

superfamily of zinc-peptidases," Protein Science 4:823-840 (1995), Rawlings, N.D. and A.J. Barrett, "Evolutionary families of metallopeptidases, Methods in Enzymology 248:183-228 (1995), and Adams, J.C. et al., The

Thrombospondin Gene Family, R.G. Landes Company, Austin, TX (1995), all incorporated herein by reference in their entirety, provide sufficient guidance to permit those in the art to establish whether a protein comprises both a metalloprotease and a thrombospondin domain.

The invention is further summarized in that an antibody can be produced against characteristic epitopes of any of the foregoing proteins using standard methods. The antibody can be used both diagnostically to ascertain the presence of an MPT protein, or therapeutically to interfere with activity of the MPT protein.

The present invention is also summarized in that an animal that contains a gon-1 allele (or homolog or variant thereof) is a convenient screening tool for finding modulators of cell migration. The present invention is 30 thus further summarized in that a method for identifying modulators of the disclosed MPT proteins includes the steps of treating a target organism having a cell that can migrate or be shaped when under control of an MPT protein with at least one potential modulator of migration or shaping and observing in the treated target organism a change in migration or shaping of the cell or tissue attributable to the presence of a modulator. In a

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preferred embodiment, the cell is a developing gonadal cell in *C. elegans*, although other cells or organs may be similarly regulated by MPT proteins in other organisms.

The ability of the MPT protein to direct a cell or

5 tissue under its influence to migrate or be shaped can be
modulated (increased or decreased) in a variety of ways,
such as by altering the migration protein's primary,
secondary, or tertiary structure, by altering the location
or amount of the protein in an organism, by altering the

10 transcriptional or translational regulation of the gene
that encodes the protein, or by providing the organism with
an agonist or antagonist molecule in an amount sufficient
to interact with the MPT protein so as to increase or
decrease the ability of the protein to direct migration or

15 shaping.

In a related method, one can also identify nucleic acid sequences required or desired for migration or shaping of such a cell, by treating a target organism with an agent that affects the polynucleotide sequences of the target organism that encode the MPT protein or that participate in regulating expression of the MPT protein, and then identifying sequences affected by the treatment. The sequences identified in the method can be either complete or partial coding sequences or can be regulatory sequences.

It is an object of the present invention to identify a protein and nucleotide sequence encoding same that directs migration or shaping of a cell or tissue.

It is another object of the present invention to provide a method for modulating cell migration or shaping.

It is yet another object of the present invention to provide a system and method for screening putative modulators of migration or shaping of cells or tissues.

It is an advantage of the present invention that agents having a putative effect upon migration or shaping can be screened in a convenient model system rather than in a vertebrate organism.

Other objects, features and advantages of present

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invention will become apparent upon consideration of the following detailed description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWINGS Fig. 1A depicts a schematic map of the gon-1 locus in 5 C. elegans from which the gene was cloned and shows the exon-intron structure of gon-1.

Fig. 1B shows a schematic map of C. elegans GON-1, the location of five protein-truncating stop mutants in GON-1 10 and a comparison to the protein structures of the murine ADAMTS-1 protein, and the bovine procollagen-I N-proteinase (PN1P) protein. From left to right, GON-1 includes a prodomain, a metalloprotease domain, a first cysteine rich region, a thrombospondin type I motif, a second cysteine 15 rich region, and a plurality of thrombospondin type I-like The five mutants are identified as q518 (aa591 TGG->TGA), e2551 (aa1069 TGG->TAG), e2547 (aa1229 TGG->TGA), q18 (aa1234 TGG->TAG) W->stop, and e1254 (aa1345 $\underline{CGA} - > \underline{TGA})$ R->stop).

Fig. 1C compares the C. elegans GON-1 amino acid sequence to sequences of the ADAMTS-1 and PN1P proteins. In the metalloprotease domain, amino acids important for enzymatic activity are marked by an asterisk (*). Three conserved histidines (GON-1, aa 424, 428, 434) bind a 25 catalytically essential Zn^{+2} ion in well characterized metalloproteases, while a glutamic acid residue (GON-1, aa 425) is thought to be directly involved in cleavage (Stöcker et al, 1995). In addition, two conserved glycines and a downstream methionine seem to be important for 30 structure of the active site. GON-1 bears one of the glycines (aa 427) and the methionine (aa 454), but the second glycine is changed to serine in GON-1 (aa431). In the canonical TSPt1 domain, amino acids conserved in vertebrate TSP type-1rpeats are shown by a plus (+). The 35 mutation, gon-1(q518), is marked by an inverted triangle

(V). For the TSPt1-like repeats, only 2 of the 17 are shown. The consensus sequence for these repeats is: $W-X_{4-5}-W-X_2-CS-X_2-CG-X_{4-5}-X-G-X_3-R-X_3-C-X_{4-27}C-X_{8-12}-C-X_{3-4}-C.$ Because only the first two TSPt1-like motifs are shown, the other mutations are not indicated in this figure.

Fig. 2A depicts normal morphogenesis of the *C. elegans* hermaphrodite gonad.

Fig. 2B shows that arm extension does not occur in gon-1 mutants and that the gonad develops as a disorganized mass of somatic and germline tissues. Similarly, in males, the gon-1 mutant gonad is severely disorganized and does not acquire its normal shape.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS The existence of a protein in C. elegans required for 15 cell migration or shaping has not heretofore been known, nor has any function been previously ascribed to a protein encoded by the designated sequence. The inventors have determined that a functional GON-1 protein is required for migration of the regulatory cells that lead the developing 20 gonad organ during its migration. GON-1 is also involved in shaping tissues such as gonads. By appreciating the role of GON-1 (and the gon-1 gene) and its relationship to a related gene that is upregulated in a metastatic tumor cell, the inventors have identified a gene and protein 25 believed to be fundamental in the process of normal and abnormal cell migration and tissue shaping. The gene and protein, and related genes and proteins, can be utilized in the methods of the invention as described herein. References herein to influencing cell migration are also 30 intended to encompass shaping of tissues or organs. Likewise, references to a migration protein encompass proteins of the same class that can also be used in methods for shaping tissues or organs.

Generally speaking, the methods of the present invention permit one to identify agents that modulate cell migration or tissue shaping in vivo or in vitro. One can

treat target organisms with panels of polynucleotides, proteins, sugars, lipids, organic molecules, other chemicals, synthetic or natural pharmaceutical agents or other agents to determine whether any agent affects 5 activity of an MST protein. This list is necessarily incomplete, since one cannot predict in advance which agents will be effective. However, applicants have enabled a system for screening panels of putative agents, in accord with the common practices of pharmaceutical companies that 10 typically screen thousands of compounds against a test system in an effort to reveal preferred agents. Candidate agents likely to modulate MPT proteins in the disclosed system include tissue inhibitors of metalloproteases and pharmaceutical metalloprotease inhibitors or enhancers such 15 as those from British Biotech. Inhibitors or enhancers of thrombospondin activity are also good candidate agents.

Agents so identified can be used therapeutically to enhance or inhibit cell migration or to influence tissue shape. Agents having an adverse or inhibiting or knock-out effect upon activity of a migration protein can also be used in a method for biocontrol of animals that employ the migration protein in gonadal development, where the method includes the step of exposing a developing animal to an amount of the agent effective to prevent gonadal development such that the animals are rendered sterile. While this biocontrol method is particularly envisioned for use in nematodes, it may be applicable to other animals as well, since genes related structurally and functionally to

30 nematodes, cattle and humans.

Using the invention one can also identify
polynucleotide sequences including coding and regulatory
sequences that affect activity of a migration protein. For
example, null or so-called reduced activity mutants can be
mutagenized and assayed for activity-restoring, activityinhibiting or activity-enhancing changes. By extension,
one can perform comparable screens ad infinitum on

gon-1 are known to exist in animals as diverse as

sequences identified in this manner, to obtain still more sequences that have an indirect effect on migration activity. After identifying such sequences in a target organism, one can obtain homologous polynucleotides from other organisms by screening nucleic acid libraries under stringent hybridization conditions in a manner known to those skilled in the art.

A method for evaluating putative modulators of cell migration preferably employs a nematode as a target

10 organism. The methods may be advantageously practiced using a nematode that comprises a migration protein as described herein, or a mutant nematode that either lacks a migration protein or contains a migration protein having reduced activity. The protein can be encoded by wild-type

15 C. elegans gon-1 (disclosed herein), by a mutant that confers upon the nematode an enhanced or reduced sensitivity to modulators, by a transgene from another organism, in whole or in part, or by a variant of any of the foregoing. Nematodes are desirable target organisms,

20 in general, because they are easy to grow and maintain, and easy to assay, particularly because they are transparent.

Nematodes are also particularly desired because the powerful techniques of reverse genetics can be employed.

One can also target specific *C. elegans* sequences for mutation or RNA-mediated interference (a technique used to transiently knock genes out by RNA injection) to identify nucleic acid and protein sequences that have a direct inhibitory or enhancing effect on *gon-1* activity.

With the identification of the gon-1 gene and GON-1
30 protein in C. elegans and the discovery of homologous genes
in other species, the functions of migration proteins can
be analyzed in vivo during organogenesis using the full
force of molecular genetics available in that system. Such
functions can include, but may not be limited to cell
35 migration, basement membrane remodeling, and tubular organ
formation.

Although the system is exemplified in C. elegans, a

15

C. elegans.

free-living (i.e., non-parasitic) nematode, those skilled in the art can develop similar systems operating on the same principles without undue experimentation in other convenient organisms, including other nematodes including, 5 without limitation, C. briggsae, or in, for example, Drosophila, or other organisms conveniently studied in the laboratory. To do so, one would only need to identify the homolog of gon-1 in such an organism, using standard molecular biological methods and then screen for related 10 genes, proteins and other factors as described herein. One could also use such systems in other animals to study transgenes in ways comparable to those described herein. Those skilled in the art can produce transgenic animals of many species without undue experimentation.

In the method, a putative modulator is provided to the target organism, for example, by adding it to the growth media, by injecting it into the organism or by gene transformation technology. The effects of said modulator can be assessed either by screening for changes in cell 20 migration or by genetic selection for fertile animals. assessment methods are known to those skilled in the art. Caenorhabditis elegans: Modern Biological Analysis of an Organism, Methods in Cell Biology, volume 48, Epstein, H. F. and D. C. Shakes, eds., Academic Press (1995), incorporated herein by reference in its entirety, describes suitable methods and conditions for growing and monitoring

C. elegans GON-1 is characterized by a multi-domain structure that includes several known motifs. GON-1 protein 30 is a secreted metalloproteinase that lacks a transmembrane domain and possesses a predicted metalloprotease domain between amino acids 269-456. The metalloprotease enzymatic activity is essential for GON-1 function; proteins that might be cleaved by this metalloproteinase include 35 components of the basement membrane and other proteins that modulate migration. The metalloprotease domain shares

sequence similarity with other metalloproteinase enzymes.

In addition to its metalloprotease domain, GON-1 possesses a series of consecutive motifs that are related to, but variants of, the thrombospondin type 1 (TSPt1) repeats (Fig. 1B,C). The most N-terminal TSPt1 repeat bears the 5 hallmarks of this type of motif in vertebrate thrombospondins (15/16 of the consensus amino acids, + in Fig. 1C) (Adams et al., 1995), whereas the remaining 17 repeats are less similar and define a TSPt1-like variant. Proteins that might interact with this domain include 10 proteins that modulate migration, including but not limited to components of the basement membrane.

GON-1 is similar to members of the reprolysin subfamily (Rawlings, N.D. and A.J. Barrett, "Evolutionary families of metallopeptidases, Methods in Enzymology

248:183-228 (1995), incorporated herein by reference in its entirety). At the N-terminal border of the metalloprotease domain, there is a potential furin cleavage site (Fig. 1C) (Pei and Weiss, 1995; Pei and Weiss, 1996). GON-1 and the reprolysins share a common zinc binding active site with

20 the larger metzincin superfamily (Stöcker et al., 1995). Amino acid conservation within the active site together with the known crystal structure of several superfamily members reveals those amino acids essential for enzymatic activity (marked by asterisks in Fig. 1c) (ibid). GON-1

25 has all amino acids implicated in catalysis and all but one implicated in structure of the active site.

Wild-type C. elegans GON-1 (SEQ ID NO:2) is suitable for use in the methods of the present invention, although a skilled artisan can replace the C. elegans gon-1 coding sequence with a sequence that encodes all or part of a homologous protein, using the standard tools available to a molecular biologist. This mixing and matching can increase or decrease the activity of the encoded chimeric protein. As described elsewhere herein, it can be desirable to provide a system having reduced or enhanced migration activity, or even no migration activity, depending upon whether one is evaluating agents that enhance or inhibit

migration. Increased gene activity is characterized either by increased gonadal arm extension, increased compactness of gonadal tissue, or fertility. Decreased gene activity is assayed either by decreased gonadal arm extension, decreased compactness of gonadal tissue or sterility. Certain specific activity-reducing mutations in gon-1 are described in the Examples.

Sequences with related structures have already been isolated from vertebrate organisms, but no related invertebrate sequence is known to the inventors. Still other related metalloprotease proteins (and polynucleotide sequences encoding same) will be isolated from vertebrate and invertebrate organisms. While the *C. elegans gon-1* protein includes 17 thrombospondin domains, the bovine and murine homologs include only 2 such domains. Other known members of the family also have one canonical TSPt1 repeat, can contain at least one TSPt1-like variant repeat, and contain two conserved cysteine rich regions. Based on this conserved architecture, we suggest the name MPT (for MetalloProtease with TSP1 repeats) for the family.

While the *in vivo* functions of these proteins may differ from that of *C. elegans* GON-1, these proteins are expected to function in place of GON-1 in whole or in part in the disclosed methods. All such homologs from other vertebrate and invertebrate organisms (and the polynucleotide sequences that encode such homologs), variants thereof, and chimerics that incorporate portions thereof, whether obtained naturally or induced in the laboratory using the tools available to a molecular biologist, are considered to be useful in the present invention. In particular, functional domains, such as the metalloprotease domain, can be swapped into corresponding domains in *gon-1*.

The amino acid sequences of GON-1, ADAMTS-1 and bovine PN1P are compared in Fig. 1C. The additional thrombospondin domains of GON-1 not found in ADAMTS-1 or PN1P are not shown in Fig. 1C. Those portions of GON-1

that have no obvious relationship to known motifs are conserved among the family of GON-1 homologs. The GON-1 protein shows significant sequence similarity to the bovine procollagen-1 N-proteinase (P1NP), to the murine ADAMTS-1 protein, and to a pair of human aggrecan-degrading metalloprotease-encoding sequences described in International Patent Application Number PCT/US98/15438, published on February 4, 1999 as International Publication No. WO 99/05291, incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. Another human homolog which has significant identity to the bovine P1NP has Genbank accession number d1021662.

Bovine P1NP can proteolyze the N-terminal propeptide from collagen I (Colige et al., 1995, Colige et al., 1997). 15 Metalloprotease activity is required for GON-1 function and suggest that, like P1NP, it may cleave components of the Murine adamts-1 expression extracellular matrix. correlates with tumor cell progression (Kuno et al., 1997). The murine ADAMTS-1 protein is found in an advanced 20 cachexogenic murine tumor cell. Human aggrecanase has been associated with arthritis in humans. Given the role of GON-1 in regulating cell migration of the C. elegans leader cell, we suggest that MPT proteins may be involved more generally in cell migrations that must pass through 25 extracellular matrix and that, in cancerous tissues, loss of MPT regulation may promote metastasis. The percent identity of the identified domains of C. elegans GON-1 with the bovine and murine proteins is shown in Fig. 1B.

Changes can be made in any of the foregoing at the

nucleic acid level in a manner known to those skilled in
the art, by, for example, removing a section of the coding
sequence, interrupting the coding sequence with an
additional sequence, rearranging at least one section of
the gene, or by providing in the sequence other changes

that can include but are not limited to point mutations
that either truncate the protein or disable an active site
in the protein encoded by the altered polynucleotide.

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Changes can also be made by altering the transcription or translation of the gene that encodes the migration protein by altering in a manner known to the art the upstream and/or downstream regulatory sequences that the 5 surround the gene. Likewise the translation-regulating elements of an mRNA encoding the migration protein can also be altered to affect the stability or location of the mRNA. An antisense RNA can also interfere with translation of the migration protein.

At the protein level, one skilled in the art can modulate the activity of the migration protein either by modifying the protein encoded by the gene as noted above or by directing the protein to be modified in vivo, for example, by providing in the protein appropriate signal or 15 signals for cleavage or degradation by other cellular Alternatively, the protein can be targeted with factors. an activity-modulating factor such as a protein, a peptide, or an organic or inorganic co-factor. Any of these factors can, for example, occupy or obstruct an active site of the 20 protein which is required for activity. Likewise, if the activity of the protein is natively regulated by an endogenous co-factor, an effect can be achieved by modulating the availability of the native co-factor.

One skilled in art is familiar with the techniques 25 associated with the aforementioned alterations, including the production of any construct necessary to effect such changes. One skilled in the art also understands that changes in the primary amino acid sequence (including, e.g., substitutions, deletions, additions, inversions) may 30 or may not alter the activity of a protein, depending upon the position and the extent of the change.

For purposes of this application a migration protein is considered active if it causes a cell that comprises the protein, or a cell that is under the influence of the 35 protein, to migrate to any appreciable extent. A cell is "under the influence of the protein" if the cell migrates in the presence of the protein, even if the cell does not

contain the protein. In vivo, the cell from which the protein is secreted and its site of action remain unknown.

Non-native transgene sequences containing non-native sequences homologous to all or part of C. elegans gon-1 can 5 be introduced into C. elegans on an expressible genetic construct that contains a promoter that drives expression in a tissue that allows easy assay so that the effect or effects of those sequences on migration and other functions can be evaluated in the system. Methods for generating and 10 selecting transgenic nematodes are well-known in the art. Transgenic animals can rescue null mutants or can suppress or enhance the activity in the reduced-activity mutants. A preferred example of a transgene sequence is a human gon-1 homolog sequence, although any of homolog can be used. 15 Some constructs may contain all or part of the gon-1 coding sequences. The transgene should be appropriately expressed near the cells to be controlled by the migration protein. In C. elegans, the gon-1 promoter, active in leader cells and in muscle cells, is suitable. Other promoters that can 20 be used in C. elegans include the lag-2 promoter, which drives expression in the hermaphrodite distal tip cells, and the unc-54 promoter which drives expression in body wall muscle.

One can assay for effects of treatment with a

25 potential modulating agent on cell migration and gonadal
tube extension by comparing migration after treatment to
the cell migration in either a wild-type organism or to
that in an untreated, previously characterized mutant.
Before treatment in the methods, if the migration protein

30 is expressed in leader cells at wild-type levels, directed
elongation of gonadal arms along a proximal-distal axis is
observed. If the migration protein is expressed in muscle,
on the other hand, one observes more dispersed activity,
which may be important for expansion as the gonad along the
35 dorsal-ventral and left-right axes. If a migration protein
having a level of activity comparable to that of the wild
type protein is expressed from a polynucleotide sequence

35

under control of the native gon-1 promoter, of course, normal gonadal development is observed, as is shown in Fig. 2A. Fig. 2B shows that arm extension does not occur in gon-1 mutants and that the gonad develops as a disorganized mass of somatic and germline tissues. Similarly, in males, the gon-1 mutant gonad is severely disorganized and does not acquire its normal shape. Both wild-type activity and the mutant phenotype can be modified by treatment according to the methods. One can also direct the shape of a tissue or organ by introducing a transgene coding sequence under control of a promoter selected to express the transgene coding sequence in a desired tissue or cell type.

One can also assess whether a cell has the potential for migration by analyzing for example, the level of the 15 migration protein in the cell, or the level at which the RNA encoding the migration protein is present. A diagnostic assay for the presence of active site residues in the protein can also be devised. Likewise, the presence or absence of a DNA sequence encoding an essential aspect 20 of the protein can also be used in a diagnostic manner to assess the likelihood of cell migration.

Our finding that GON-1 is tightly regulated to achieve arm extension during gonadogenesis in C. elegans suggests that similar activities may play similar roles in the 25 morphogenesis of organs throughout the animal kingdom. Previous in vitro experiments support this notion. For example, antibodies recognizing matrix metalloprotease 9 (MM9) can block branching of the ureter bud during kidney development (Lelongt et al., 1997), and inhibitors of MMPs 30 block the invasion of endothelium cells into a fibrin matrix in assays for angiogenesis (Hiraoka et al., 1998). Based on these observations and our analysis of GON-1, we suggest that the MPT metalloproteases are critical modulators of organogenesis.

Whether the target organism contains a wild-type *C*. elegans gon-1 gene, a mutant gon-1 gene or a transgene substituted in place of gon-1, in whole or in part, the

system is readily used to identify other genes, proteins, drugs, chemicals or other factors that either enhance or antagonize activity.

In a method for increasing the migration of the cell, 5 the native protein or related protein or a genetic construct encoding same can be administered to, or caused to be expressed at a high level in, the target cell. Alternatively, an enhancing factor can be provided inside or outside the target cell, as appropriate. Where it is 10 desired to decrease migration of a targeted cell, as in the case of a tumor cell, an inhibiting factor can be added into, or the vicinity of, the targeted cell. The vicinity of the cell is defined as sufficiently close to the targeted cell so as to effect a desired change in the cell 15 migration. If the migration protein is secreted from the cell in which it is produced, the activity of the protein can further be modulated either by preventing secretion of the protein or by interfering with the protein activity outside the cell. If the protein acts outside the target 20 cell, the protein, an active portion thereof, or a modulating factor can be administered to the vicinity in an amount effective to modulate cell migration.

The reproductive sterility that can result from inhibited migration of developing gonadal cells under the control of an migration protein that is inactive or has reduced activity can be further exploited, for example, in a method for controlling reproduction of an organism that relies upon a migration protein during gonadogenesis. An organism for which such control would be appropriate would include C. elegans and other nematodes or parasites, and could include other invertebrates, as well as vertebrate species including, for example, avian, amphibian, reptilian and mammalian species.

With an appreciation for the migration proteins of the invention, normal and abnormal cell migration attributable to activity of a migration protein can be therapeutically increased or decreased. The mechanisms by which the gene

and protein are regulated can be determined by one skilled in the art and can be advantageously exploited to modulate expression of the migration protein at either the nucleic acid or protein levels.

5 EXAMPLES

To gain molecular insight into gon-1 function, we cloned the gene by a combination of fine genetic mapping, mutant rescue and RNA-mediated interference. Mutations in the gon-1 gene were finely mapped by genetic crosses with 10 respect to markers that had already been placed on the physical map. Cosmids in the region were next tested for mutant rescue of the gon-1 mutations. The genomic C. elegans sequence that includes the coding sequence of the gon-1 gene in a plurality of exons is found on cosmids 15 F25H8 (Accession # 69360) and T13H10 (Accession #69361); T13H10 bears most of gon-1 and rescued the gon-1 phenotype. The predicted open reading frames on this cosmid were tested by RNA-mediated interference to identify the transcript corresponding to gon-1 activity. 20 identification of this transcript as gon-1 was then confirmed by subcloning and mutant rescue by a smaller region of the cosmid that contained that transcript, by RNA-mediated interference, and by identifying gon-1 mutations in the coding region of this transcript. 25 positions in the migration protein that correspond to the identified mutations are indicated in Fig. 1B. We confirmed identification of F25H8.3 as gon-1 by identifying molecular lesions for a plurality of gon-1 alleles.

Mutants were obtained as described (Brenner, S. "The 30 Genetics of Caenohrabditis elegans, Genetics 77:71-94 (1974), incorporated herein by reference. Each contained an allele of gon-1 that maps to chromosome IV between unc-24 and dpy-20, all are recessive, and all are fully penetrant for sterility. Five alleles, e1254, e2547, q18, 35 q517, and q518, fail to complement the sixth allele, e2551, and, therefore, the mutations define a single gene. Three-factor mapping places gon-1(e2551) 0.08 map units to

the right of elt-1 and 0.12 map units to the left of unc-43 at position 4.44. Specifically, among Unc-43 non-Elt-1 recombinants isolated from gon-1/elt-1 unc-43 mothers, 8/13 carried the gon-1 mutation.

To compare allelic strengths, we examined the penetrance of arm extension defects in homozygotes for each allele. In gon-1(q518) homozygotes, no arm extension was observed at 15°, 20° or 25°C. However, in homozygotes for the other gon-1 alleles, some arms extended at least partially. By this measure, the gon-1 alleles can be

placed in an allelic series: $q518 < e2547 \approx q18 < e1254 \approx q517 < e2551$. Interestingly, the weaker gon-1 alleles have a more severe defect at lower temperature, which may reflect a cold sensitivity of GON-1 function, or of the process of arm extension itself.

The strongest loss-of-function allele is gon-1(q518) which is a nonsense mutation that resides in the canonical TSP1 motif; the other mutations are located in the TSP1t1-like repeats. gon-1(q518), the nonsense mutant

20 located closest to the N-terminus, has the most severe effect on cell migration; nonsense mutants located closer to the C-terminus than q518 are partially defective for migration. Because the mutant phenotype for gon-1(q518) homozygotes is identical to that of gon-1(q518) hemizygotes

and because gon-1(q518) bears a nonsense mutation predicted to remove the bulk of the GON-1 protein, this allele is likely to be a molecular null. Therefore, gon-1(q518) was used for analyzing the roles of gon-1 in gonadal morphogenesis and is referred to as gon-1(0).

Normally, the gonad is a tubular structure with specialized regions. By contrast, in gon-1 mutants, the adult gonadal tissues exist as a disorganized mass with little or no tubular morphology. Specifically, neither arms nor somatic gonadal structures (e.g. uterus,

35 spermatheca) are observed. In all cases, however, the gonads are rendered infertile by these mutations.

In C. elegans, mRNAs containing premature stop codons

are normally degraded by the *smg* system, but those mRNAs are stabilized in a *smg* mutant background (Anderson and Kimble, 1997). Therefore, the remaining activity of truncated GON-1 proteins should be evident in *smg-1*; *gon-1*

5 double mutants. We found that gon-1(q518) was not suppressed in a smg background, whereas all four mutations in the TSP1-like repeats were suppressed. Therefore, while the GON-1(q518) mutant protein that possesses the metalloprotease domain but lacks the bona fide TSPt1 motif

(as well as the rest of the protein C-terminally), is not capable of mutant rescue, the other truncated proteins are. The conclusion that two TSPt1-like repeats are sufficient for rescuing activity was confirmed by mutant rescue with a mini-transgene.

The lack of gonadal arms in gon-1 (0) mutants suggested that the leader cells, which normally govern arm extension, may be defective. To assess whether leader cells were generated during development, we first examined the gonadal cell lineages in gon-1(0) mutants during the first two

larval stages. Normally, the somatic gonadal progenitor cells, Z1 and Z4, give rise to two leader cells, Z1.aa and Z4.pp, in hermaphrodites, and one leader cell, Z1.pa or Z4.aa, in males (Kimble and Hirsh, 1979). In hermaphrodites, these leader cells are called distal tip

cells (DTC), and in males, they are called linker cells (LC). The hermaphrodite distal tip cell is both a leader cell and a regulator of germline proliferation. Kimble, J.E. and J.G. White, "On the control of germ cell development in Caenorhabditis elegans, Devel. Biol. 81:208-

219 (1981), incorporated herein by reference in its entirety, provides guidance for a skilled artisan on the biology of distal tip cell migration. The information disclosed in that paper can be employed in determining whether an agent modulates cell migration or tissue shaping in a method of the invention.

In gon-1(0) hermaphrodites and males, we found that the timing and pattern of cell divisions of Z1 and Z4 and

their descendants were the same as in wild-type during L1 and L2 (data not shown). In particular, Z1.aa and Z1.pp in hermaphrodites and Z1.pa/Z4.aa in males were born at the correct time and place. To ask whether the presumptive

- 5 hermaphrodite leader cells, Z1.aa and Z4.pp, had adopted the leader fate, we examined expression of a molecular marker for that fate. The unc-5 gene encodes a netrin receptor and is essential for dorsal migration of leader cells (Leung-Hagesteijn et al, 1992). Using a reporter
- transgene, unc-5::lacZ (J. Culotti, personal communication), we found that unc-5 expression was the same in wild-type and gon-1(0) animals: unc-5 was not expressed during early larval stages, but was activated in late L3 when the DTCs normally turn dorsally during wild-type gonadogenesis.

Since the hermaphrodite leader cells, Z1.aa and Z4.pp, also control germline proliferation, we next asked if they were correctly specified for that regulatory function. To this end, we examined expression of the lag-2 gene, which encodes the DTC signal for germline proliferation (Henderson et al., 1994). Using a reporter transgene, lag-2::GFP, we found that lag-2::GFP expression was similar in wild-type and gon-1 gonads. Furthermore, we ablated Z1.aa and Z4.pp in gon-1(0) mutants and found that germline proliferation was arrested. Therefore, the hermaphrodite DTCs, Z1.aa and Z4.pp, appear to be specified correctly both as leader cells and as regulators of germline proliferation.

Since the leader cells appeared to be specified

correctly in gon-1 mutants, we next examined their ability to migrate and lead arm extension. Normally, the hermaphrodite leader cells (distal tip cells) migrate away from the center of the gonad along the anterior-posterior axis, then reflex dorsally, and migrate back. To compare leader cell migration in wild-type and gon-1(0) mutants, we followed their movements throughout gonadal development and at the same time measured gonadal lengths. At the

mid-L1 stage, just prior to division of the leader cell progenitors, Z1 and Z4, the length of the gonad from anterior to posterior end was 19 μ m in both wild-type and gon-1(0) mutants. Following division of Z1 and Z4 in late 5 L1, a small difference in gonadal length was discerned: 25 μ m in wild-type vs. 22 μ m in gon-1 mutants. However, in older larvae with differentiated leader cells, the length differences were dramatic. In gon-1(0) hermaphrodites, the distal tip cells had moved little from their birth position and little to no gonad extension had occurred.

A similar defect is observed in males. Normally, the male leader cell (linker cell) migrates anteriorly, then reflexes and migrates to posterior end of the worm. However in gon-1(0) males, the linker cell failed to migrate, and little to no extension had occurred. We conclude that gon-1 is required for leader cell migration and hence gonadal arm extension.

As we observed leader cells during gonadogenesis, we noticed that they assumed an unusual morphology. 20 explore this further, we examined hermaphrodite DTCs using fluorescence and thin section electron microscopy (EM). Using lag-2::GFP, which is expressed in hermaphrodite DTCs and reveals the extent of their cytoplasm (D. Gao and J. Kimble, unpublished), we found that the wild-type and 25 gon-1(0) DTCs had dramatically different morphologies. In wild-type, the DTC was crescent-shaped with processes extending around the germ line, while in gon-1 mutants, it was round and enlarged. Furthermore, the position of the nucleus within the DTC was variable in gon-1 mutants, 30 whereas in wild-type, it was located at the leading edge of the migrating cell. By EM, we confirmed the difference in morphology between wild-type and gon-1 leader cells and also discovered a difference in subcellular organization. Whereas wild-type leader cells extend processes along the 35 germline, gon-1(0) leader cells do not possess such processes. Furthermore, the plasma membrane is abnormally invaginated in gon-1(0) L3 leader cells, and these

membranes accumulate within the cytoplasm of older gon-1(0) mutants.

The lack of gonadal arms is not the only defect in gon-1 mutants. In addition, no gonadal structures (e.g. 5 uterus in hermaphrodites, vas deferens in males) can be discerned. One problem might have been a failure to differentiate gonadal tissues. However, we were able to identify the major somatic gonadal cell types in late L4 gon-1(0) mutants. To see somatic gonadal sheath cells, we 10 used lim-7::GFP, which expresses Green Fluorescent Protein (GFP) in hermaphrodite sheath cells (O. Hobert, pers. comm.). In wild-type, fluorescence from lim-7::GFP encircled the germ cells, while in gon-1 mutants, only irregularly-shaped patches were observed. Similarly, MH27 15 antibody, which stains spermathecal cells intensely (den Boer et al., 1998), was present in disorganized patches in gon-1 mutants. Finally, cells with a typically uterine morphology were present, but no normal uterine structure was found in gon-1 mutants. Therefore, the gonadal tissues 20 in gon-1(0) mutants appear to differentiate correctly.

One simple explanation for the gross morphogenetic defects of mature gon-1 gonads might have been that all aspects of gonadal morphogenesis are disrupted as a consequence of the defect in leader cell migration.

Indeed, by killing the distal tip cells in wild-type animals, we could reproduce the gon-1 mutant phenotype: arms did not extend and gonadal structures were grossly malformed. However, closer inspection suggests that gon-1 has a role in gonad morphogenesis independent of leader cells.

To examine the generation of gonadal somatic structures, we removed the germ line (-GL) from gon-1(0) to permit formation of an essentially normal somatic gonadal primordium at the early L3 stage and we removed both leader cells (-DTCs) and germline (-GL) from wild-type hermaphrodites as a control. The control animals had no arm extension, but formed a normal somatic gonadal primordium.

A comparison of gonadal structures at the L4 stage, when they are most easily scored, revealed striking differences. While fragments of uterus were present in gon-1(-GL) hermaphrodites, no coherent uterus was observed.

5 Furthermore, the gon-1 (-GL) gonad was small, and most gonadal had extruded from the gonad proper. By contrast, an apparently normal uterus formed in the wild-type animals lacking both DTCs and germ line. Therefore, gon-1 is required not only for arm extension, but also for morphogenesis of the uterus.

Finally, we asked whether gon-1 functions in the development of non-gonadal tissues. We assayed embryonic viability, the overall shape of the animal, coordination of its movements, mating behavior in males, the male tail, 15 growth rate, and entry and exit into dauer stage of the life cycle: all were normal in gon-1(0) mutants. normal movement and shape of gon-1(0) mutants suggests that gon-1 is not required generally for cell migration. For example, failure in migration of the CAN neuron causes the 20 tail to wither (Forrester et al., 1998), and defects in axon migration leads to an uncoordinated (Unc) phenotype (Hedgecock et al., 1990). Furthermore, we followed the M sex myoblast and the Q neuroblasts migrations (Antebi et al, 1997) in at least five gon-1(0) mutants, and both were 25 normal. We conclude that gon-1 does not affect cell migrations generally and, furthermore, that gon-1 does not affect the development of non-gonadal cells, tissues or Finally, we examined the non-gonadal tissues in gon-1 mutants that had been operated during L1 to remove

gon-1(0) hermaphrodites often cause the animal to explode
during adulthood, preventing examination of their
non-gonadal tissues at this stage. Although these
gonadless gon-1 adults had no gross defects, we observed a
reproducible vacuolization in the body wall with
differential interference contrast microscopy, which was

30 Z1-Z4, the four gonadal progenitor cells. This experiment

was done, because the disorganized gonadal tissues in

not seen in similarly treated wild-type animals. However, it must be emphasized that this defect has no apparent developmental consequences. Given the dramatic effects of gon-1 on gonadogenesis, we suggest that the major role of gon-1 in development is to control the shape of the gonad.

The wild-type C elegans gon-1 sequence is shown in

The wild-type *C. elegans gon-1* sequence is shown in SEQ. ID. NO. 1. The protein encoded by SEQ. ID. NO. 1 is shown in full in SEQ. ID. NO. 2 and in part in comparative Fig. 1C.

10

PROPHETIC EXAMPLE

A target organism that contains a migration protein is treated with one or more potential modulators of migration of a developing gonadal cell. The organism is preferably a nematode, and is more preferably C. elegans. The potential modulating agent is administered in an amount typical of any additive to a culture, preferably at a level of several nanograms to several micrograms per milliliter. The organism can contain a native migration protein or a variant form of a native migration protein, or can express a migration protein from a transgene that can be delivered to the organism in a manner known to those skilled in the art. The protein can also be a chimeric protein expressed from a transgenic polynucleotide that comprises sequences from at least one of the foregoing polynucleotides.

Upon examination, it is observed that one can rescue migration in a target that lacks the migration protein by administering an exogenous polynucleotide that encodes a migration protein. In a target that contains a migration protein, one can also identify administered agents that increase or decrease the migration of a developing gonadal cell. One can also treat the genetic material of the target organism using standard methods and treatments and can then identify genetic changes that increase or decrease migration of developing gonadal cells.

WE CLAIM:

- 1. A method for identifying a modulator of a protein that comprises a metalloprotease domain and a
- thrombospondin domain, the method comprising the steps of:

 treating a target organism having a developing gonadal

 cell responsive to the protein with at least one potential

 modulator of cell migration; and

observing in the treated target organism a change in migration or shape of the developing gonadal cell attributable to the presence of the at least one modulator.

- 2. A method as claimed in Claim 1 wherein migration of the developing gonadal cell in the target organism before treatment is absent or reduced relative to a wild 15 type individual.
 - 3. A method as claimed in Claim 1 wherein the treating step restores or enhances migration in the target organism relative to migration before the treating step.
- 4. A method as claimed in Claim 1 wherein migration of the developing gonadal cell in the target organism before treatment is at a level of a wild type individual.
 - 5. A method as claimed in Claim 1 wherein the treating step reduces migration in the target organism relative to migration before the treating step.

- A method as claimed in Claim 1 wherein the target 6. organism comprises a protein that comprises a metalloprotease domain and a thrombospondin domain, the protein being selected from the group consisting of a 5 protein encoded by a native polynucleotide coding sequence, a protein encoded by a heterologous polynucleotide coding sequence introduced into the target organism, a protein that shares at least 20% amino acid sequence identity with either of the foregoing and retains an ability to direct 10 cell migration in the target organism, and a chimeric protein encoded at least in part by at least one of the foregoing and introduced into the target organism, the polynucleotide coding sequence being under transcriptional control of a promoter active in a tissue located 15 sufficiently close to the developing gonadal cell so as to signal the cell to migrate.
 - 7. A method as claimed in Claim 6, wherein the native polynucleotide coding sequence is C. elegans gon-1.
- 8. A method as claimed in Claim 6, wherein the heterologous polynucleotide coding sequence is a homolog of C. elegans gon-1.
- 9. A method as claimed in Claim 8 wherein the homolog of *C. elegans gon-1* encodes a metalloprotease enzyme selected from the group consisting of murine ADAMTS-1 protein, bovine procollagen-1 N-proteinase, and human aggrecan-degrading metalloprotease.
 - 10. A method as claimed in Claim 6 wherein the protein is truncated relative to a protein in a wild type individual.

- 11. A method as claimed in Claim 1 wherein the target organism is a nematode.
- 12. A method as claimed in Claim 11 wherein the target organism is a nematode selected from the group consisting 5 of C. elegans and C. briggsae.
- 13. A method as claimed in Claim 1 wherein the at least one modulator is selected from the group consisting of a nucleic acid molecule, a protein molecule, a sugar, a lipid, an organic molecule, a synthetic or natural pharmaceutical agent, and a mixture thereof.
 - 14. A method for identifying a nucleic acid sequence that affects migration of a developing gonadal cell, the method comprising the steps of:

treating a target organism by a method selected from

the group consisting of RNA interference, reverse genetics,
and chemical mutagenesis to alter migration or shape of the
developing gonadal cell in the treated target organism
relative to migration in the target organism before
treatment; and

identifying in the treated target organism a nucleic acid sequence affected by the treating step.

15. A method as claimed in Claim 14 wherein the treating step affects a nucleic acid sequence that encodes a protein.

- 16. A method as claimed in Claim 14 wherein the treating step affects a nucleic acid sequence that regulates nucleic acid transcription or translation.
- 17. A method as claimed in Claim 14 wherein migration of the developing gonadal cell in the target organism before treatment is absent or reduced relative to a wild type individual.
- 18. A method as claimed in Claim 14 wherein the treating step restores or enhances migration of the developing gonadal cell in the treated target organism relative to migration before the treating step.
 - 19. A method as claimed in Claim 14 wherein migration of the developing gonadal cell in the target organism before treatment is at a level of a wild type individual.
- 20. A method as claimed in Claim 14 wherein the treating step reduces migration of the developing gonadal cell in the treated target organism relative to migration before the treating step.

- 21. A method as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the target organism comprises a protein that directs cell migration, the protein being selected from the group consisting of a protein encoded by a native polynucleotide 5 coding sequence, a protein encoded by a heterologous polynucleotide coding sequence introduced into the target organism, a protein that shares at least 20% amino acid sequence identity with either of the foregoing and retains an ability to direct cell migration in the target organism, and a chimeric protein encoded at least in part by at least one of the foregoing and introduced into the target organism, the polynucleotide coding sequence being under transcriptional control of a promoter active in a tissue located sufficiently close to the developing gonadal cell so as to signal the cell to migrate.
 - 22. A method as claimed in Claim 21 wherein the native polynucleotide coding sequence is C. elegans gon-1.
- 23. A method as claimed in Claim 21 wherein the heterologous polynucleotide coding sequence is a homolog of C. elegans gon-1.
- 24. A method as claimed in Claim 23 wherein the homolog of *C. elegans gon-1* encodes a metalloprotease enzyme selected from the group consisting of murine ADAMTS-1 protein, bovine procollagen-1 N-proteinase, and human aggrecan-degrading metalloprotease.
 - 25. A method as claimed in Claim 21 wherein the protein is truncated relative to a protein in the wild type individual.

- 26. A method as claimed in Claim 14 wherein the target organism is a nematode.
- 27. A method as claimed in Claim 26 wherein the target organism is a nematode selected from the group consisting 5 of *C. elegans* and *C. briggsae*.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A GON-1 migration protein in *C. elegans* and a *gon-1* gene encoding same are disclosed. The protein, termed GON-1, shows structural similarity to a protein produced by an up-regulated RNA in an advanced tumor cell. Although the tumor cell protein has not previously been identified as having any role in cell migration, it is disclosed herein that the related GON-1 protein is required for cell migration and is involved in shaping tissues or organs. It is deduced that the protein is also a target for modulators of cell migration and tissue shaping.

SEQUENCE LISTING

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20 25 30

agt ggc acg atc tca gaa ttc tca tca gat gtg ctg ttc tcc agg gcc 144
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30 45

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5	cat His				agt Ser										768
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15					gaa Glu										912
					aca Thr 310										960
20	_				Val									acg Thr	1008
	_		_						Asn				Leu	caa Gln	1056
25				Arg				Tyr				Asp		agt Ser	1104
30	_		His				Ile				Lys			tgt Cys	1152
	_	Ser				Asp				Ala				aca Thr 400	1200

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5	_	_											tcg Ser		1296
													aat Asn	aag Lys	1344
10													cat His		1392
15	Trp												ctc Leu		1440
													gaa Glu 495		1488
20													aaa Lys		1536
				Gln				Val				Ser	gag Glu		1584
25			Tyr				Arg				Ala		ttc Phe		1632
30		Ser				Arg				Pro				gga Gly 560	1680
					Ser				Cys				gcc Ala 575		1728

	_														tgg Trp		1776
															ggt Gly		1824
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10															aca Thr		1920
15															tct Ser 655		1968
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20				Pro					Val					Arg	tgc Cys		2064
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25		Val					Pro					Gly			att Ile		2160
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10	cgt	gcc	gcc	aat	ggt	gaa	ttc	cta	ctt	aac	ggt	cat	ttc	caa	gta	tca	2448
	Arg	Ala	Ala	Asn	Gly	Glu	Phe	Leu	Leu	Asn	Gly	His	Phe	Gln	Val	Ser	
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5				atc Ile													2880
				aaa Lys													2928
10				cca Pro 980													2976
				gcc Ala			Tyr					Gly					3024
15	Tyr			tgg Trp		Ser					Cys					aaa Lys	3072
20		His		aag Lys	Ser					Asp					Val		3120
				Cys					Lys		Ala			Arg		tgt Cys	3168
25			Ile	cca Pro 1060	Cys			Trp		Tyr			Trp			tgc Cys	3216
		Arg		Cys			Gly		Lys			His		Gln		ttg Leu	3264
30	Asp		Ala			Glu		His			Arg		Gly			cag Gln	3312

Val Leu Lys Pro Lys Gln Ala Thr Arg Met Cys Asn Ile Asp Cys Ser

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	Thr	Gln	Glu	His	Cys	Asn	Glu	His	Ala	Cys	Thr	Trp	Trp	Gln	Phe	Gly	
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	gtc	tgg	tct	gac	tgc	tca	gct	aag	tgt	gga	gat	ggt	gta	cag	tat	cga	3408
5	Val	Trp	Ser	Asp	Cys	Ser	Ala	Lys	Cys	Gly	Asp	Gly	Val	Gln	Tyr	Arg	
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	Asp	Ala	Asn	Cys	Thr	Asp	Arg	His	Arg	Ser	Val	Leu	Pro	Glu	His	Arg	
			1	L140				:	L145				1	1150			
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	Cys	Leu	Lys	Met	Glu	Lys	Ile	Ile	Thr	Lys	Pro			Arg	Glu	Ser	
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25	gat	taa	agt.	act.	tat	tct	σta	tct	tat	qqa	atc	ggt	cat	cgg	gaa	cgt	3744
20																Arg	
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	gga	gat	acc	: aaa	atg	r cca	. gaa	act	agt	caa	act	tgc	cat	ctt	ctg	cca	3840
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tgg aca gcc tgt tca gca act tgt ggt aat ggt act caa cgt cgt Trp Thr Ala Cys Ser Ala Thr Cys Gly Asn Gly Thr Gln Arg Arg 1365  ctc aag tgc cga gat cat gtt cgt gat ctt cct gat gag tat tgc 20 Leu Lys Cys Arg Asp His Val Arg Asp Leu Pro Asp Glu Tyr Cys 1380  cat ttg gat aag gaa gta tca aca aga aat tgt cgc ctt cgt gat His Leu Asp Lys Glu Val Ser Thr Arg Asn Cys Arg Leu Arg Asp 1395  25 tca tac tgg aaa atg gcg gaa tgg gaa gag tgt cca gct act tgt Ser Tyr Trp Lys Met Ala Glu Trp Glu Glu Cys Pro Ala Thr Cys 1410  1415  1420  act cat gtt caa caa agt aga aat gtt aca tgc gtc agt gcg gaa Thr His Val Gln Gln Ser Arg Asn Val Thr Cys Val Ser Ala Glu 30 1425  1430  1435  ggt ggt cgg acg att ttg aaa gat gtt gat tgt gat gtg caa aag Gly Gly Arg Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Val Asp Cys Asp Val Gln Lys		tgt	aca	tct	tgg	aaa	cca	agt	Cat	Lgg	LCC	CCL	tyc	LCa	gcc	act	Lgc	3000
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5         Gly Ser Gly Ile Gln Thr Arg Ser Val Ser Cys Thr Arg Gly Ser         1300         1305         1310           gga act att gtt gat gat gaa tat ttt tgt gat cga aat act cgt cca         1310         1320         1320         1325           10         cta aaa aag act tgt gaa aaa gat act tgt gat ggg ccc aga gta Leu Lys Lys Thr Cys Glu Lys Asp Thr Cys Asp Gly Pro Arg Val 1330         1335         1340           caa aaa ctt caa gcc gac gta cca cca atc cga tgg gca acc gga Gln Lys Leu Gln Ala Asp Val Pro Pro Ile Arg Trp Ala Thr Gly 1345         1350         1355           tgg aca gcc tgt tca gca act tgt ggt aat ggt act caa cgt cgt Trp Thr Ala Cys Ser Ala Thr Cys Gly Asn Gly Thr Gln Arg Arg 1365         1370         1375           ctc aag tgc cga gat cat gtt cgt gat ctt cct gat gag tat tgc Leu Lys Cys Arg Asp His Val Arg Asp Leu Pro Asp Glu Tyr Cys 1380         1385         1390           cat ttg gat aag gaa gat tca aca aga aat tgt cgc ctt cgt gat His Leu Asp Lys Glu Val Ser Thr Arg Asn Cys Arg Leu Arg Asp 1395         1400         1405           25         tca tac tgg aaa atg gcg gaa tgg gaa gag tgt cca gct act tgt Ser Tyr Trp Lys Met Ala Glu Trp Glu Glu Cys Pro Ala Thr Cys 1410         1415         1420           act cat gtt caa caa agt aga aat gtt aca tgc gtc agt gcg gaa Thr His Val Gln Gln Ser Arg Asn Val Thr Cys Val Ser Ala Glu Lys 1430         1435         1435           25         tca tac tgg aca at ttg aaa gg aat gtt aca tgc gtc agt gcg gaa Ggg ggt cgg acg att ttg aaa ggt gtt aca agg gt gdt caa aag Gly Gly Arg Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Va					1	.285				1	290				1	295		
5         Gly Ser Gly Ile Gln Thr Arg Ser Val Ser Cys Thr Arg Gly Ser         1300         1305         1310           gga act att gtt gat gat gaa tat ttt tgt gat cga aat act cgt cca         1310         1320         1320         1325           10         cta aaa aag act tgt gaa aaa gat act tgt gat ggg ccc aga gta Leu Lys Lys Thr Cys Glu Lys Asp Thr Cys Asp Gly Pro Arg Val 1330         1335         1340           caa aaa ctt caa gcc gac gta cca cca atc cga tgg gca acc gga Gln Lys Leu Gln Ala Asp Val Pro Pro Ile Arg Trp Ala Thr Gly 1345         1350         1355           tgg aca gcc tgt tca gca act tgt ggt aat ggt act caa cgt cgt Trp Thr Ala Cys Ser Ala Thr Cys Gly Asn Gly Thr Gln Arg Arg 1365         1370         1375           ctc aag tgc cga gat cat gtt cgt gat ctt cct gat gag tat tgc Leu Lys Cys Arg Asp His Val Arg Asp Leu Pro Asp Glu Tyr Cys 1380         1385         1390           cat ttg gat aag gaa gat tca aca aga aat tgt cgc ctt cgt gat His Leu Asp Lys Glu Val Ser Thr Arg Asn Cys Arg Leu Arg Asp 1395         1400         1405           25         tca tac tgg aaa atg gcg gaa tgg gaa gag tgt cca gct act tgt Ser Tyr Trp Lys Met Ala Glu Trp Glu Glu Cys Pro Ala Thr Cys 1410         1415         1420           act cat gtt caa caa agt aga aat gtt aca tgc gtc agt gcg gaa Thr His Val Gln Gln Ser Arg Asn Val Thr Cys Val Ser Ala Glu Lys 1430         1435         1435           25         tca tac tgg aca at ttg aaa gg aat gtt aca tgc gtc agt gcg gaa Ggg ggt cgg acg att ttg aaa ggt gtt aca agg gt gdt caa aag Gly Gly Arg Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Va																		
5         Gly Ser Gly Ile Gln Thr Arg Ser Val Ser Cys Thr Arg Gly Ser         1300         1305         1310           gga act att gtt gat gat gaa tat ttt tgt gat cga aat act cgt cca         1310         1320         1320         1325           10         cta aaa aag act tgt gaa aaa gat act tgt gat ggg ccc aga gta Leu Lys Lys Thr Cys Glu Lys Asp Thr Cys Asp Gly Pro Arg Val 1330         1335         1340           caa aaa ctt caa gcc gac gta cca cca atc cga tgg gca acc gga Gln Lys Leu Gln Ala Asp Val Pro Pro Ile Arg Trp Ala Thr Gly 1345         1350         1355           tgg aca gcc tgt tca gca act tgt ggt aat ggt act caa cgt cgt Trp Thr Ala Cys Ser Ala Thr Cys Gly Asn Gly Thr Gln Arg Arg 1365         1370         1375           ctc aag tgc cga gat cat gtt cgt gat ctt cct gat gag tat tgc Leu Lys Cys Arg Asp His Val Arg Asp Leu Pro Asp Glu Tyr Cys 1380         1385         1390           cat ttg gat aag gaa gat tca aca aga aat tgt cgc ctt cgt gat His Leu Asp Lys Glu Val Ser Thr Arg Asn Cys Arg Leu Arg Asp 1395         1400         1405           25         tca tac tgg aaa atg gcg gaa tgg gaa gag tgt cca gct act tgt Ser Tyr Trp Lys Met Ala Glu Trp Glu Glu Cys Pro Ala Thr Cys 1410         1415         1420           act cat gtt caa caa agt aga aat gtt aca tgc gtc agt gcg gaa Thr His Val Gln Gln Ser Arg Asn Val Thr Cys Val Ser Ala Glu Lys 1430         1435         1435           25         tca tac tgg aca at ttg aaa gg aat gtt aca tgc gtc agt gcg gaa Ggg ggt cgg acg att ttg aaa ggt gtt aca agg gt gdt caa aag Gly Gly Arg Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Va		gga	tca	gga	att	cag	act	aga	agt	gtt	tcg	tgt	act	cgt	gga	tct	gaa	3936
gga act att gtt gat gaa tat ttt tgt gat cga aat act cgt cca Gly Thr Ile Val Asp Glu Tyr Phe Cys Asp Arg Asn Thr Arg Pro  1315  1320  1325  10 cta aaa aag act tgt gaa aaa gat act tgt gat ggg ccc aga gta Leu Lys Lys Thr Cys Glu Lys Asp Thr Cys Asp Gly Pro Arg Val  1330  1335  1340  caa aaa ctt caa gcc gac gta cca cca atc cga tgg gca acc gga Gln Lys Leu Gln Ala Asp Val Pro Pro Ile Arg Trp Ala Thr Gly 15 1345  1350  1355  tgg aca gcc tgt tca gca act tgt ggt aat ggt act caa cgt cgt Trp Thr Ala Cys Ser Ala Thr Cys Gly Asn Gly Thr Gln Arg Arg  1365  1370  1375  ctc aag tgc cga gat cat gtt cgt gat ctt cct gat gag tat tgc 20 Leu Lys Cys Arg Asp His Val Arg Asp Leu Pro Asp Glu Tyr Cys  1380  1385  1390  cat ttg gat aag gaa gta tca aca aga aat tgt cgc ctt cgt gat His Leu Asp Lys Glu Val Ser Thr Arg Asn Cys Arg Leu Arg Asp  1395  1400  1405  25 tca tac tgg aaa atg gcg gaa tgg gaa gag tgt cca gct act tgt Ser Tyr Trp Lys Met Ala Glu Trp Glu Glu Cys Pro Ala Thr Cys 1410  1415  1426  act cat gtt caa caa agt aga aat gtt aca tgc gtc agt ggg aa Thr His Val Gln Gln Ser Arg Asn Val Thr Cys Val Ser Ala Glu 1425  1430  1435  1436  1437  1438  1438  1439  1439  1435																		
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tca tac tgg aaa atg gcg gaa tgg gaa gag tgt cca gct act tgt Ser Tyr Trp Lys Met Ala Glu Trp Glu Glu Cys Pro Ala Thr Cys 1410 1415 1420  act cat gtt caa caa agt aga aat gtt aca tgc gtc agt gcg gaa Thr His Val Gln Gln Ser Arg Asn Val Thr Cys Val Ser Ala Glu 30 1425 1430 1435  ggt ggt cgg acg att ttg aaa gat gtt gat tgt gat gtg caa aag Gly Gly Arg Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Val Asp Cys Asp Val Gln Lys		His	Leu	Asp	Lys	Glu	Val	Ser	Thr	Arg	Asn	Cys	Arg	Leu	Arg	Asp	Cys	
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Ser Tyr Trp Lys Met Ala Glu Trp Glu Glu Cys Pro Ala Thr Cys 1410 1415 1420  act cat gtt caa caa agt aga aat gtt aca tgc gtc agt gcg gaa Thr His Val Gln Gln Ser Arg Asn Val Thr Cys Val Ser Ala Glu 30 1425 1430 1435  ggt ggt cgg acg att ttg aaa gat gtt gat tgt gat gtg caa aag Gly Gly Arg Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Val Asp Cys Asp Val Gln Lys																		
act cat gtt caa caa agt aga aat gtt aca tgc gtc agt gcg gaa Thr His Val Gln Gln Ser Arg Asn Val Thr Cys Val Ser Ala Glu 30 1425 1430 1435  ggt ggt cgg acg att ttg aaa gat gtt gat tgt gat gtg caa aag Gly Gly Arg Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Val Asp Cys Asp Val Gln Lys	25	tca	tac	tgg	aaa	atg	gcg	gaa	tgg	gaa	gag	tgt	cca	gct	act	tgt	gga	4272
act cat gtt caa caa agt aga aat gtt aca tgc gtc agt gcg gaa Thr His Val Gln Gln Ser Arg Asn Val Thr Cys Val Ser Ala Glu 30 1425 1430 1435  ggt ggt cgg acg att ttg aaa gat gtt gat tgt gat gtg caa aag Gly Gly Arg Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Val Asp Cys Asp Val Gln Lys		Ser	Tyr	Trp	Lys	Met	Ala	Glu	Trp	Glu	Glu	Cys	Pro	Ala	Thr	Cys	Gly	
Thr His Val Gln Gln Ser Arg Asn Val Thr Cys Val Ser Ala Glu 30 1425 1430 1435  ggt ggt cgg acg att ttg aaa gat gtt gat tgt gat gtg caa aag Gly Gly Arg Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Val Asp Cys Asp Val Gln Lys			1410					1415					1420					
Thr His Val Gln Gln Ser Arg Asn Val Thr Cys Val Ser Ala Glu 30 1425 1430 1435  ggt ggt cgg acg att ttg aaa gat gtt gat tgt gat gtg caa aag Gly Gly Arg Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Val Asp Cys Asp Val Gln Lys																		
30 1425 1430 1435  ggt ggt cgg acg att ttg aaa gat gtt gat tgt gat gtg caa aag Gly Gly Arg Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Val Asp Cys Asp Val Gln Lys		act	cat	gtt	caa	caa	agt	aga	aat	gtt	aca	tgc	gtc	agt	gcg	gaa	gac	4320
ggt ggt cgg acg att ttg aaa gat gtt gat tgt gat gtg caa aag Gly Gly Arg Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Val Asp Cys Asp Val Gln Lys		Thr	His	Val	Gln	Gln	Ser	Arg	Asn	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Ser	Ala	Glu	Asp	
Gly Gly Arg Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Val Asp Cys Asp Val Gln Lys	30																1440	
Gly Gly Arg Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Val Asp Cys Asp Val Gln Lys																		
Gly Gly Arg Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Val Asp Cys Asp Val Gln Lys		gat	gat	cga	acg	att	ttg	aaa	gat	gtt	gat	tgt	gat	gtg	caa	aag	aga	4368
			4	J		1445		_	_		1450							

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5														Cys			
5	GIU			Сту	SET	ιτρ			Сту	App	TTD		1485	Cyb		1110	
		ال ا	1475				_	L480				٢	LTOJ				
												11-	L		L	<b>.</b>	4510
																tct	4512
	Ser	Cys	Gly	Gly	Gly	Trp	Arg	Arg	Arg	Ser	Val	Ser	Cys	Thr	ser	ser	
	=	1490					1495				=	1500					
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	150	_	_			1510					L515					1520	
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														Ser			
<b>-</b> -	GIU	ьeu	Cys			цец	7 111	ASII			ırp	GIII	110		1535		
15				-	1525				-	1530				•	1333		
																	4.65.6
																atc	4656
	Thr	His	Cys	Ser	Val	Ser	Cys	Gly	Gly	Gly	Val	Gln	Arg	Arg	Lys	Ile	
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		1570					T212					1500					
<u> </u>									<b>.</b>	<b>.</b>			a + a		+ 00	++-	4800
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				1620				, - <del>-</del>	1625					1630			

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5			Phe														
J			1110	ADII		1830		110			.835					840	
	1825	)			1	1030				-	.000				_		
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			gta														3300
	Pro	Ala	Val			GIU	гуз	Cys			Pne	PIO	пур			Gru	
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			Arg														
	_	1890		Val	шую		1895			<u>F</u> -		1900				J	
	•	1000				•	1000										
	~+ a	224	+~+	200	202	220	222	cca	cat	cas	act	caa	tat	tat	ttt	gaa	5760
20																	
20		_	Cys	Thr			гу	PIO	Arg				ıyı	Cyn		1920	
	190	5				1910				•	1915				•	1920	
													.		+	~++	E000
	_		tgc														5808
	Arg	Asn	Cys	Leu	Pro	Ser	Thr	Cys			Leu	Lys	ser			val	
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	Lys	Ala	Lys	Asp	Gly	Asn	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Leu	Leu	Asp	Gly	Phe	Thr	Ile	
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	Glu	Ile	Tyr	Cys	His	Arg	Met	Asn	Ser	Thr	Ile	Pro	Lys	Ala	Tyr	Leu	
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	aac	att	aat	cca	aga	acc	aat	ttt	qca	gaq	qtt	tat	gga	aaa	aaa	tta	5952
		_														Leu	
		. vai 1970			9		1975					1980			"		
		エノ / U	•				,_										

														gat			6000
	Ile	Tyr	Pro	His	Thr	Cys	Pro	Phe	Asn			Arg	Asn	Asp			
	1985	5]	L990]	L995				2	2000	
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	Lys	Val	Arg	Ile	Asp	Leu	Leu	Asn	Arg	Lys	Phe	His	Leu	Ala	Asp	Tyr	
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	Thr	Phe	Ala	Lys	Arg	Glu	Tyr	Gly	Val	His	Val	Pro	Tyr	Gly	Thr	Ala	
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	Gly	Asp	Cys	Tyr	Ser	Met	Lys	Asp	Cys	Pro	Gln	Gly	Ile	Phe	Ser	Ile	
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	Asp	Leu	Lys	Ser	Ala	Gly	Leu	Lys	Leu	Val	Asp	Asp	Leu	Asn	Trp	Glu	
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20	Asp	Gln	Gly	His	Arg	Thr	Ser	Ser	Arg	Ile	Asp	Arg	Phe	Tyr	Asn	Asn	
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	Ala	Lys	Val	Ile	Gly	His	Cys	Gly	Gly	Phe	Cys	Gly	Lys	Cys	Ser	Pro	
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	Glu	Arg	Tyr	Lys	Gly	Leu	Ile	Phe	Glu	Val	Asn	Thr	Lys	Leu	Leu	Asn	
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	His	Val	Lys	Asn	Gly	Gly	His	Ile	Asp	Asp	Glu	Leu	Asp	Asp	Asp	Gly	
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	214	5				2150	ł										

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<212> PRT

<213> Caenorhabditis elegans

<400> 2

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Ala Leu Ile Leu Leu Val Val Cys Leu Val Tyr Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly
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Ser Gly Thr Ile Ser Glu Phe Ser Ser Asp Val Leu Phe Ser Arg Ala
35 40 45

15 Lys Tyr Ser Gly Val Pro Val His His Ser Arg Trp Arg Gln Asp Ala 50 55 60

Gly Ile His Val Ile Asp Ser His His Ile Val Arg Arg Asp Ser Tyr
65 70 75 80

Gly Arg Arg Gly Lys Arg Asp Val Thr Ser Thr Asp Arg Arg Arg Arg 20 85 90 95

Leu Gln Gly Val Ala Arg Asp Cys Gly His Ala Cys His Leu Arg Leu 100 105 110

Arg Ser Asp Asp Ala Val Tyr Ile Val His Leu His Arg Trp Asn Gln
115 120 125

25 Ile Pro Asp Ser His Asn Lys Ser Val Pro His Phe Ser Asn Ser Asn 130 135 140

Phe Ala Pro Met Val Leu Tyr Leu Asp Ser Glu Glu Glu Val Arg Gly
145 150 155 160

Gly Met Ser Arg Thr Asp Pro Asp Cys Ile Tyr Arg Ala His Val Lys
30 165 170 175

Gly	Val	His	Gln	His	Ser	Ile	Val	Asn	Leu	Cys	Asp	ser	GIU	Asp	GTA
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- Leu Tyr Gly Met Leu Ala Leu Pro Ser Gly Ile His Thr Val Glu Pro 195 200 205
- 5 Ile Ile Ser Gly Asn Gly Thr Glu His Asp Gly Ala Ser Arg His Arg 210 215 220
 - Gln His Leu Val Arg Lys Phe Asp Pro Met His Phe Lys Ser Phe Asp 225 230 235 240
- His Leu Asn Ser Thr Ser Val Asn Glu Thr Glu Thr Thr Val Ala Thr
 10 245 250 255
 - Trp Gln Asp Gln Trp Glu Asp Val Ile Glu Arg Lys Ala Arg Ser Arg 260 265 270
 - Arg Ala Asn Ser Trp Asp His Tyr Val Glu Val Leu Val Val Ala 275 280 285
- 15 Asp Thr Lys Met Tyr Glu Tyr His Gly Arg Ser Leu Glu Asp Tyr Val 290 295 300
 - Leu Thr Leu Phe Ser Thr Val Ala Ser Ile Tyr Arg His Gln Ser Leu 305 310 315 320
- Arg Ala Ser Ile Asn Val Val Val Lys Leu Ile Val Leu Lys Thr
 325 330 335
 - Glu Asn Ala Gly Pro Arg Ile Thr Gln Asn Ala Gln Gln Thr Leu Gln 340 345 350
 - Asp Phe Cys Arg Trp Gln Gln Tyr Tyr Asn Asp Pro Asp Asp Ser Ser 355 360 365
- Val Gln His His Asp Val Ala Ile Leu Leu Thr Arg Lys Asp Ile Cys 370 375 380
 - Arg Ser Gln Gly Lys Cys Asp Thr Leu Gly Leu Ala Glu Leu Gly Thr 385
- Met Cys Asp Met Gln Lys Ser Cys Ala Ile Ile Glu Asp Asn Gly Leu 405 410 415

Ser	Ala	Ala	Phe	Thr	Ile	Ala	His	Glu	Leu	Gly	His	Val	Phe	Ser	Ile
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Pro	His	Asp	Asp	Glu	Arg	Lys	Cys	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Met	Pro	Val	Asn	Lys

445

5 Asn Asn Phe His Ile Met Ala Pro Thr Leu Glu Tyr Asn Thr His Pro 450 455 460

440

435

- Trp Ser Trp Ser Pro Cys Ser Ala Gly Met Leu Glu Arg Phe Leu Glu 465 470 480
- Asn Asn Arg Gly Gln Thr Gln Cys Leu Phe Asp Gln Pro Val Glu Arg
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 - Asp Ala His Gln Gln Cys Lys Phe Val Phe Gly Pro Ala Ser Glu Leu 515 520 525
- 15 Cys Pro Tyr Met Pro Thr Cys Arg Arg Leu Trp Cys Ala Thr Phe Tyr 530 535 540
 - Gly Ser Gln Met Gly Cys Arg Thr Gln His Met Pro Trp Ala Asp Gly 545 550 550
- Thr Pro Cys Asp Glu Ser Arg Ser Met Phe Cys His His Gly Ala Cys
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 - Val Arg Leu Ala Pro Glu Ser Leu Thr Lys Ile Asp Gly Gln Trp Gly 580 585 590
 - Asp Trp Arg Ser Trp Gly Glu Cys Ser Arg Thr Cys Gly Gly Gly Val 595 600 605
- 25 Gln Lys Gly Leu Arg Asp Cys Asp Ser Pro Lys Pro Arg Asn Gly Gly 610 615 620
 - Lys Tyr Cys Val Gly Gln Arg Glu Arg Tyr Arg Ser Cys Asn Thr Gln 625 630 635 640
- Glu Cys Pro Trp Asp Thr Gln Pro Tyr Arg Glu Val Gln Cys Ser Glu
 30 645 650 655

Phe Asn Asn Lys Asp Ile Gly Ile Gln Gly Val Ala Ser Thr Asn Thr 660 670

His Trp Val Pro Lys Tyr Ala Asn Val Ala Pro Asn Glu Arg Cys Lys 675 680 685

- 5 Leu Tyr Cys Arg Leu Ser Gly Ser Ala Ala Phe Tyr Leu Leu Arg Asp 690 695 700
 - Lys Val Val Asp Gly Thr Pro Cys Asp Arg Asn Gly Asp Asp Ile Cys 705 710 715 720
- Val Ala Gly Ala Cys Met Pro Ala Gly Cys Asp His Gln Leu His Ser

 725 730 735
 - Thr Leu Arg Arg Asp Lys Cys Gly Val Cys Gly Gly Asp Asp Ser Ser 740 745 750
 - Cys Lys Val Val Lys Gly Thr Phe Asn Glu Gln Gly Thr Phe Gly Tyr
 755 760 765
- 15 Asn Glu Val Met Lys Ile Pro Ala Gly Ser Ala Asn Ile Asp Ile Arg 770 775 780
 - Gln Lys Gly Tyr Asn Asn Met Lys Glu Asp Asp Asn Tyr Leu Ser Leu 785 790 795 800
- Arg Ala Ala Asn Gly Glu Phe Leu Leu Asn Gly His Phe Gln Val Ser 805 810 815
 - Leu Ala Arg Gln Gln Ile Ala Phe Gln Asp Thr Val Leu Glu Tyr Ser 820 825 830
 - Gly Ser Asp Ala Ile Ile Glu Arg Ile Asn Gly Thr Gly Pro Ile Arg 835 840 845
- 25 Ser Asp Ile Tyr Val His Val Leu Ser Val Gly Ser His Pro Pro Asp 850 855 860
 - Ile Ser Tyr Glu Tyr Met Thr Ala Ala Val Pro Asn Ala Val Ile Arg 865 870 875 880
- Pro Ile Ser Ser Ala Leu Tyr Leu Trp Arg Val Thr Asp Thr Trp Thr 895 895

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- Leu Asp Met Ser Thr His Arg Gln Ser His Asp Arg Asn Cys Gln Asn 915 920 925
- 5 Val Leu Lys Pro Lys Gln Ala Thr Arg Met Cys Asn Ile Asp Cys Ser 930 935 940
 - Thr Arg Trp Ile Thr Glu Asp Val Ser Ser Cys Ser Ala Lys Cys Gly 945 950 955 960
- Ser Gly Gln Lys Arg Gln Arg Val Ser Cys Val Lys Met Glu Gly Asp 10 965 970 975
 - Arg Gln Thr Pro Ala Ser Glu His Leu Cys Asp Arg Asn Ser Lys Pro 980 985 990
 - Ser Asp Ile Ala Ser Cys Tyr Ile Asp Cys Ser Gly Arg Lys Trp Asn 995 1000 1005
- 15 Tyr Gly Glu Trp Thr Ser Cys Ser Glu Thr Cys Gly Ser Asn Gly Lys 1010 1015 1020
 - Met His Arg Lys Ser Tyr Cys Val Asp Asp Ser Asn Arg Arg Val Asp 025 1030 1035 1040
- Glu Ser Leu Cys Gly Arg Glu Gln Lys Glu Ala Thr Glu Arg Glu Cys 20 1045 1050 1055
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 - Ser Arg Ser Cys Asp Gly Gly Val Lys Met Arg His Ala Gln Cys Leu 1075 1080 1085
- 25 Asp Ala Ala Asp Arg Glu Thr His Thr Ser Arg Cys Gly Pro Ala Gln 1090 1095 1100
 - Thr Gln Glu His Cys Asn Glu His Ala Cys Thr Trp Trp Gln Phe Gly 1110 1115 1120
- Val Trp Ser Asp Cys Ser Ala Lys Cys Gly Asp Gly Val Gln Tyr Arg 30 1125 1130 1135

- Asp Ala Asn Cys Thr Asp Arg His Arg Ser Val Leu Pro Glu His Arg 1140 1145 1150
- Cys Leu Lys Met Glu Lys Ile Ile Thr Lys Pro Cys His Arg Glu Ser 1155 1160 1165
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 - Glu Asp Gly Trp Ser Ser Arg Arg Val Ser Cys Val Ser Gly Asn Gly 185 1190 1195 1200
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- Cys Thr Ser Trp Lys Pro Ser His Trp Ser Pro Cys Ser Val Thr Cys
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 - Gly Ser Gly Ile Gln Thr Arg Ser Val Ser Cys Thr Arg Gly Ser Glu 1300 1305 1310
 - Gly Thr Ile Val Asp Glu Tyr Phe Cys Asp Arg Asn Thr Arg Pro Arg 1315 1320 1325
- 25 Leu Lys Lys Thr Cys Glu Lys Asp Thr Cys Asp Gly Pro Arg Val Leu 1330 1335 1340
 - Gln Lys Leu Gln Ala Asp Val Pro Pro Ile Arg Trp Ala Thr Gly Pro 345 1350 1355 1360
- Trp Thr Ala Cys Ser Ala Thr Cys Gly Asn Gly Thr Gln Arg Arg Leu 30 1365 1370 1375

- Leu Lys Cys Arg Asp His Val Arg Asp Leu Pro Asp Glu Tyr Cys Asn 1380 1385 1390
- His Leu Asp Lys Glu Val Ser Thr Arg Asn Cys Arg Leu Arg Asp Cys 1395 1400 1405
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 - Thr His Val Gln Gln Ser Arg Asn Val Thr Cys Val Ser Ala Glu Asp 425 1430 1435 1440
- Gly Gly Arg Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Val Asp Cys Asp Val Gln Lys Arg 10 1445 1450 1455
 - Pro Thr Ser Ala Arg Asn Cys Arg Leu Glu Pro Cys Pro Lys Gly Glu 1460 1465 1470
 - Glu His Ile Gly Ser Trp Ile Ile Gly Asp Trp Ser Lys Cys Ser Ala 1475 1480 1485
- 15 Ser Cys Gly Gly Gly Trp Arg Arg Arg Ser Val Ser Cys Thr Ser Ser 1490 1495 1500
 - Ser Cys Asp Glu Thr Arg Lys Pro Lys Met Phe Asp Lys Cys Asn Glu 1510 1515 1520
- Glu Leu Cys Pro Pro Leu Thr Asn Asn Ser Trp Gln Ile Ser Pro Trp

 1525 1530 1535
 - Thr His Cys Ser Val Ser Cys Gly Gly Gly Val Gln Arg Arg Lys Ile 1540 1545 1550
 - Trp Cys Glu Asp Val Leu Ser Gly Arg Lys Gln Asp Asp Ile Glu Cys 1555 1560 1565
- 25 Ser Glu Ile Lys Pro Arg Glu Gln Arg Asp Cys Glu Met Pro Pro Cys 1570 1575 1580
 - Arg Ser His Tyr His Asn Lys Thr Ser Ser Ala Ser Met Thr Ser Leu 1595 1600
- Ser Ser Ser Asn Ser Asn Thr Thr Ser Ser Ala Ser Ala Ser Ser Leu 1605 1610 1615

- Pro Ile Leu Pro Pro Val Val Ser Trp Gln Thr Ser Ala Trp Ser Ala 1620 1630
- Cys Ser Ala Lys Cys Gly Arg Gly Thr Lys Arg Arg Val Val Glu Cys 1635 1640 1645
- 5 Val Asn Pro Ser Leu Asn Val Thr Val Ala Ser Thr Glu Cys Asp Gln 1650 1655 1660
 - Thr Lys Lys Pro Val Glu Glu Val Arg Cys Arg Thr Lys His Cys Pro 1670 1675 1680
- Arg Trp Lys Thr Thr Trp Ser Ser Cys Ser Val Thr Cys Gly Arg
 10 1685 1690 1695
 - Gly Ile Arg Arg Glu Val Gln Cys Tyr Arg Gly Arg Lys Asn Leu 1700 1705 1710
 - Val Ser Asp Ser Glu Cys Asn Pro Lys Thr Lys Leu Asn Ser Val Ala 1715 1720 1725
- 15 Asn Cys Phe Pro Val Ala Cys Pro Ala Tyr Arg Trp Asn Val Thr Pro 1730 1735 1740
 - Trp Ser Lys Cys Lys Asp Glu Cys Ala Arg Gly Gln Lys Gln Thr Arg 745 1750 1755 1760
- Arg Val His Cys Ile Ser Thr Ser Gly Lys Arg Ala Ala Pro Arg Met 20 1765 1770 1775
 - Cys Glu Leu Ala Arg Ala Pro Thr Ser Ile Arg Glu Cys Asp Thr Ser 1780 1785 1790
 - Asn Cys Pro Tyr Glu Trp Val Pro Gly Asp Trp Gln Thr Cys Ser Lys 1795 1800 1805
- 25 Ser Cys Gly Glu Gly Val Gln Thr Arg Glu Val Arg Cys Arg Arg Lys 1810 1815 1820
 - Ile Asn Phe Asn Ser Thr Ile Pro Ile Ile Phe Met Leu Glu Asp Glu 825 1830 1835 1840
- Pro Ala Val Pro Lys Glu Lys Cys Glu Leu Phe Pro Lys Pro Asn Glu
 30 1845 1850 1855

- Ser Gln Thr Cys Glu Leu Asn Pro Cys Asp Ser Glu Phe Lys Trp Ser 1860 1865 1870
- Phe Gly Pro Trp Gly Glu Cys Ser Lys Asn Cys Gly Gln Gly Ile Arg 1875 1880 1885
- 5 Arg Arg Val Lys Cys Val Ala Asn Asp Gly Arg Arg Val Glu Arg 1890 1895 1900
 - Val Lys Cys Thr Thr Lys Lys Pro Arg Arg Thr Gln Tyr Cys Phe Glu 905 1910 1915 1920
- Arg Asn Cys Leu Pro Ser Thr Cys Gln Glu Leu Lys Ser Gln Asn Val
 10 1925 1930 1935
 - Lys Ala Lys Asp Gly Asn Tyr Thr Ile Leu Leu Asp Gly Phe Thr Ile 1940 1945 1950
 - Glu Ile Tyr Cys His Arg Met Asn Ser Thr Ile Pro Lys Ala Tyr Leu 1955 1960 1965
- 15 Asn Val Asn Pro Arg Thr Asn Phe Ala Glu Val Tyr Gly Lys Lys Leu 1970 1975 1980
 - Ile Tyr Pro His Thr Cys Pro Phe Asn Gly Asp Arg Asn Asp Ser Cys 985 1990 1995 2000
- His Cys Ser Glu Asp Gly Asp Ala Ser Ala Gly Leu Thr Arg Phe Asn 20 2015
 - Lys Val Arg Ile Asp Leu Leu Asn Arg Lys Phe His Leu Ala Asp Tyr 2020 2030
 - Thr Phe Ala Lys Arg Glu Tyr Gly Val His Val Pro Tyr Gly Thr Ala 2035 2040 2045
- 25 Gly Asp Cys Tyr Ser Met Lys Asp Cys Pro Gln Gly Ile Phe Ser Ile 2050 2055 2060
 - Asp Leu Lys Ser Ala Gly Leu Lys Leu Val Asp Asp Leu Asn Trp Glu 2070 2075 2080
- Asp Gln Gly His Arg Thr Ser Ser Arg Ile Asp Arg Phe Tyr Asn Asn 30 2085 2090 2095

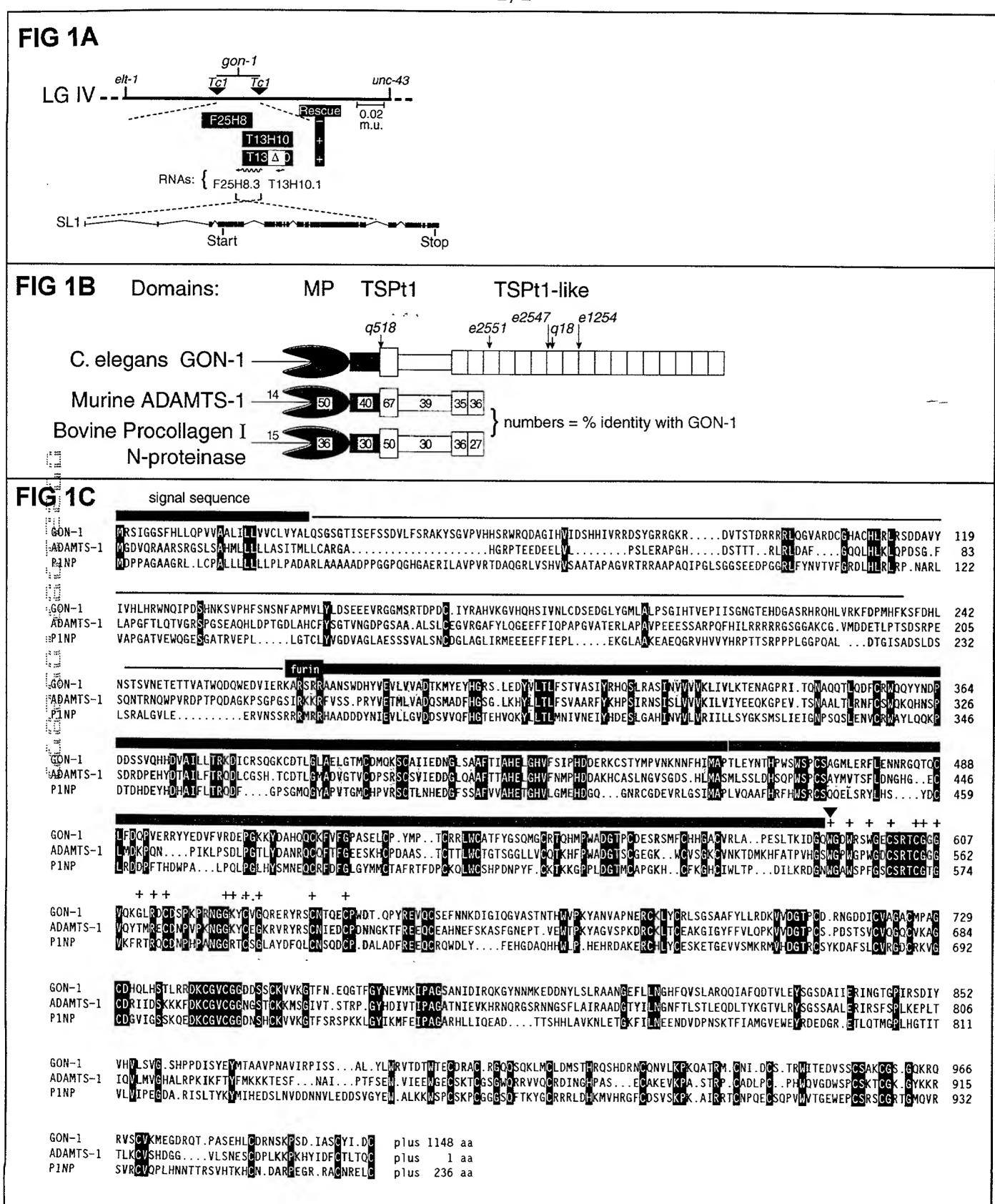
Ala Lys Val Ile Gly His Cys Gly Gly Phe Cys Gly Lys Cys Ser Pro 2100 2105 2110

Glu Arg Tyr Lys Gly Leu Ile Phe Glu Val Asn Thr Lys Leu Leu Asn 2115 2120 2125

5 His Val Lys Asn Gly Gly His Ile Asp Asp Glu Leu Asp Asp Asp Gly 2130 2135 2140

Phe Ser Gly Asp Met Asp 145 2150

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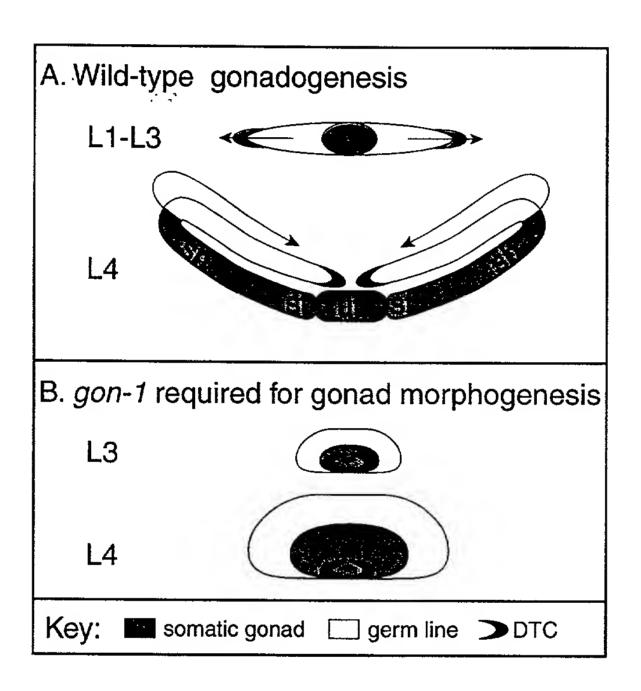


FIG 2A

FIG 2B

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Prior Foreign Application Number(s)		Country		Foreign Filing E (MM/DD/YYY		Priority Not Claimed	Certified Copy Attached? YES NO
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I hereby claim the benefi	t under Title 35	, United State	s Code §11	19(e) of any Unite	d Sta		oplication(s) listed below.
Application Number	er(s)		Date (MM/D	DD/YYYY)		numbers a	provisional application are listed on a supplemental seet attached hereto.
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U.S. Parent Application PCT Parent Parent Filing Date Parent Patent Number	designating the United States of America, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application or PCT international application in the manner provided in the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application. PCT Parent Parent Filing Date Parent Patent Number										
A Luci - Luci - PCT international application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority sheet attached here	—										
Additional U.S. or PCT international application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority sheet attached here As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and all continuation and											
divisional applications based thereon, and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:											
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OR X List attorney(s) and/or agent(s) name and registration number below Registration											
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Neil E. Hamilton 19,869 Joseph W. Bain 34,290 Thomas W. Fhrmann 20,374 Robert J. Sacco 35,667											
Barry E. Sammons 25,608 Jean C. Baker 35,433											
J. Rodman Steele 25,931 David G. Ryser 36,407											
George E. Haas 27,642 Michael A. Jaskolski 37,551											
Harvey D. Fried 28,298 Allen J. Moss 30,507											
Carl R. Schwartz 29,437 Jill A. Fahrlander 42,518											
Gregory A. Nelson 30,577 Scott D. Paul 42,984											
Keith M. Baxter 31,233 Daniel G. Radler 43,028 John D. Franzini 31,356 Steven J. Wietrzny 44,402											
Additional attorney(s) and/or agents named on a supplemental priority sheet attached hereto											
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Address Quarles & Brady LLP											
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Name of Add	litional Joint Inventor, if	any:					A petitio	on has been filed	for this un	signed inv	entor
Given Name Ro	bert	M	iddle itial	Н	Family Name	'	Blelloch			Suffix e.g. Jr.	
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Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any: Post Office Post Office Residence: Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any: Residence: Post Office Post Office Residence: Residence: Post Office Residence: Residence: Residence: Post Office Post Office Residence: Residen			entor/								
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